

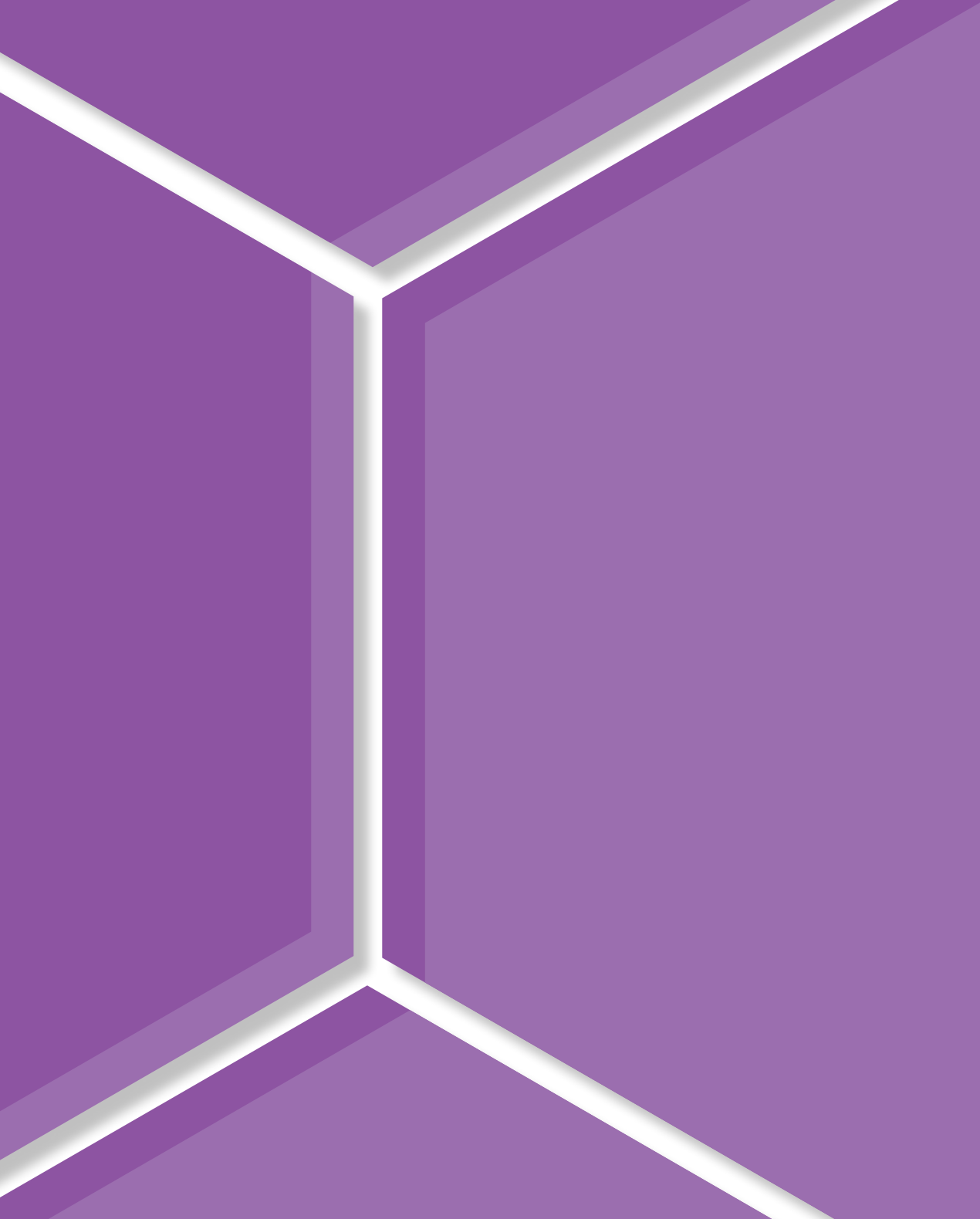


[www.studentfinancenl.co.uk](http://www.studentfinancenl.co.uk)

**2025/26**

# **Full Time**

A Guide to Financial Support for Full Time Students in Higher Education



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## What is student finance?

This guide outlines the student finance options available to you if you are thinking of starting a full-time higher education course, ordinarily live in Northern Ireland and are studying in Northern Ireland, anywhere else in the UK or the Republic of Ireland (ROI).

It applies to the 2025/26 academic year only. It is not a statement of the law. It is for guidance and does not cover all circumstances.

In addition to this guide, you'll find more information on our website at **[www.studentfinanceneni.co.uk](http://www.studentfinanceneni.co.uk)**



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# DO I QUALIFY?

## Please note:

Higher education student support is limited to a first undergraduate degree or other first HE qualification, with just a few exceptions.

There are three main conditions you have to meet to qualify for student finance.

1

Personal eligibility

2

Course eligibility

3

University or college eligibility



## 1. Personal eligibility

Normally you must be living in Northern Ireland on the first day of the first academic year of your course and either:

- have been living in the UK, the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man for the three years immediately before this date and have 'settled status' in the UK (meaning you can live permanently in the UK without the Home Office placing any restrictions on how long you can stay)
- meet the requirements of one of the other UK residency categories listed in the appropriate Regulations (for example, you are a refugee living in the UK)

## Previous study

If you have studied previously on a higher education course, this will affect your entitlement to support.

- As a general rule, Tuition Fee Loans and means-tested Maintenance Grants are available for the full length of your course, plus one extra year if needed, for example, if you change your course, or if you leave your course but decide to start again. The number of years for which you are eligible for funding is calculated as: length of new course plus one additional year minus years of previous study. You may be able to get an extra year of tuition fee or grant support if you need to repeat a year due to compelling personal reasons, such as illness. Please contact your local Student Finance Northern Ireland (SFNI) Office for further information.
  - If you already have an honours degree, or you are applying for support for a course that is equivalent to or lower in level than your first higher education course, you will not generally be eligible for any further fee or maintenance support.
  - This applies regardless of whether you have an equivalent qualification from a United Kingdom, Republic of Ireland or overseas institution and regardless of whether your previous qualification was publicly funded or self-funded.
  - There are, however, some exceptions where you may be eligible for further support if you are studying a course that leads to a professional qualification e.g. doctor, dentist, vet, architect, social worker, teacher.
- For information on architecture, medical and dental courses, placements and other specific areas of student finance see the booklet '2025/26 How you are Paid - Full Time Higher Education Student Finance - A Guide to Entitlement to Support and Payment' which is available on our website at [www.studentfinancenl.co.uk](http://www.studentfinancenl.co.uk)
- If you already hold a foundation degree, HND, HNC or similar qualification, you can apply for support to "top-up" to a higher level qualification e.g. honours degree. However, your full-time previous study will be taken into account in calculating your support entitlement. For example, if you have completed a full-time two year HND or HNC course and you progress to year one of a three year degree course, you will not be eligible to receive Tuition Fee Loan and Maintenance Grant support for the first year of the course. You may be eligible to receive a Maintenance Loan.
  - If you are entering the first year of a full-time degree course having already completed a part-time level 4 or 5 qualification, such as a HNC, HND or foundation degree, you will be eligible to receive a Tuition Fee Loan and means-tested Maintenance Grant and Maintenance Loan support, as long as it is not a bursary year or Turing Scheme year of a course.

**The rules about student finance are complicated and this page is only a summary.**



## 2. Course eligibility

The course you plan to study must be a 'designated course' leading to a recognised higher education qualification such as a BSc, HND, PGCE.



## 3. University or college eligibility

The university or college you plan to study at must be either:

- publicly funded (paid for by the Government) and in the UK or Republic of Ireland
- privately funded in the UK but running individual courses that receive public funding (the course must have received a 'specific designation' from the Department for the Economy)

### **Tuition fee only funding students**

If you are a European Union (EU) national, or a child of an EU national, who was in the UK before the 31 December 2020 with pre-settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme and studying in NI, you may get a Tuition Fee Loan.

Under the Common Travel Area arrangements, ROI nationals who have been ordinarily resident in the UK and Islands or the area comprising the UK, Gibraltar, EEA and Switzerland for the three years prior to the start of the course may be eligible for fee and maintenance support or fee support respectively (they are not required to apply under the EU Settlement Scheme and are not required to be in the UK before the 31 December 2020).

If you are a tuition fee only funding student and applying through UCAS, they will send you an application form for the fee loan when you are offered a place on a course. If you do not apply through UCAS, you will be able to get an application form from the Student Loans Company's (SLC) Student Finance Services team by telephoning **0141 243 3570**.



# WHAT CAN I GET?

There's a lot of help available for students who study a course of higher education during the 2025/26 academic year. When at university or college you'll have two main costs – tuition fees and living costs. The main types of finance to assist with these costs are tuition fee and maintenance loans (which have to be paid back) and grants and bursaries (which don't have to be paid back).

Students attending Allied Health Professional courses at Ulster University are eligible for different levels of funding. Contact your local SFNI Office for further details.

The following will show what you might be able to get and what it's for.

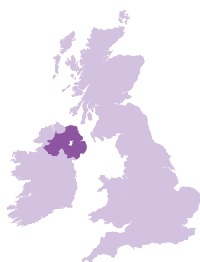


## Help with tuition fees

Tuition Fee Loan		
What is it for?	Helps with the cost of the tuition fees.	
How much can I get?	You can get an amount up to the fee your university or college charges you. This could be up to £9,535.	
	<b>Students who are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland and choose to study in:</b>	<b>Tuition Fee 2025/26</b>
	Northern Ireland	up to £4,855
	England	up to £9,535
	Wales	up to £9,535
	Scotland	up to £9,535
	Republic of Ireland	Student Contribution Charge €3,000
Do I have to pay it back?	Yes, but not until you have left your course and are earning over £26,065 a year.	

## Tuition Fee Loan (continued)

Attendance at a private institution	<p>If you are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland and attending a higher education course at a private institution in Northern Ireland, Scotland or Wales or an Approved Institution in England, you should be aware that you may not receive the full Tuition Fee Loan support to cover your tuition fees. Students attending a private institution, which is publicly validated, will be eligible to receive a maximum Tuition Fee Loan of £4,855.</p> <p>You will be responsible for funding the difference in the additional cost of your tuition fees. The onus is on you to find out what tuition fees are charged by the private institution and what Tuition Fee Loan support is available from Student Finance NI before you start the course.</p>
Anything else?	<p>Tuition fees vary between different universities and colleges, and between different courses at the same university. There may be different fees in place in England, Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland.</p> <p>If you decide to apply for a Tuition Fee Loan, check with your university or college to confirm the tuition fee so that you can ask for the right amount when you apply.</p> <p>The Student Loans Company (SLC) pays your Tuition Fee Loan directly to your university or college in three instalments on your behalf. If you leave or suspend your studies, your Tuition Fee Loan will be adjusted accordingly.</p>



### Students who are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland and choose to study in Northern Ireland

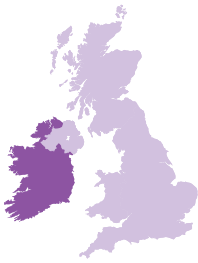
Universities and colleges of higher education in Northern Ireland can charge you up to £4,855 a year for their full-time courses. The amount charged may vary between courses, as well as between universities or colleges – check the amount your university or college will charge.



### Students who are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland and choose to study in England, Wales or Scotland

Universities and colleges of higher education in England can charge up to £9,535 a year for their full-time courses, whilst Scotland and Wales can charge up to £9,535. The amount charged may vary between courses, as well as between universities or colleges – check the amount with your university or college. Scottish degree courses may last for four years (degree courses in Wales, England and Northern Ireland usually last three years). Visit [www.scotland.gov.uk](http://www.scotland.gov.uk) for more information on tuition fees at Scottish universities and colleges.





## Students who are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland and choose to study in the Republic of Ireland

The arrangements for Northern Ireland domiciled students attending a relevant institution of higher education in the Republic of Ireland (ROI) are different to students attending a United Kingdom institution.

You will not be charged a tuition fee for your undergraduate study at a relevant institution of higher education in the ROI unless you are repeating a year. However, you will be required to pay a student contribution charge of €3,000. Students will be able to apply for a Student Contribution Loan to cover the student contribution charge. If you are offered assistance from SUSI you must advise your local SFNI office immediately.



### General information on tuition fees

You do not have to take out a student loan for tuition fees if you choose to pay your fees yourself. If you don't take out this loan at the beginning of the year and decide to pay your own tuition fees and then change your mind, you may not be able to take out this loan later in the year. If this happens, please contact your local SFNI Office to discuss.

If you leave your course of study early your university or college may charge you for fees pro-rata. It's important you discuss this with your university or college before you decide to leave.

If you transfer to a different institution during an academic year, only one year's tuition fees will be paid in total during the year.

As the tuition fee support for students undertaking eligible courses at privately funded Higher Education Institutions (HEIs) is different from that of courses at publicly funded HEIs you should contact your local SFNI Office for advice on the level of funding available.

Students should also be aware that some private higher education institutions may not attract any support and students will be responsible for all their costs.



## Help with living costs (grants)

The living cost support you receive is unlikely to cover all of your expenses. You should plan your budgets carefully.

Maintenance Grant									
What is it for?	Helps with your living costs such as accommodation, food, clothes, travel and other living expenses.								
How much can I get?	You can get up to £3,475, depending on your household income. The table below is a rough guide to how much you could get.								
Household income	How much?								
	<table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Household Income</th><th>How much?</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>£19,203 or less</td><td>Full grant of £3,475</td></tr><tr><td>Between £19,204 and £41,065</td><td>Partial grant, depending on your household income</td></tr><tr><td>More than £41,065</td><td>No grant</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>The amount of Maintenance Grant you receive will affect the amount of Maintenance Loan you can borrow.</p>	Household Income	How much?	£19,203 or less	Full grant of £3,475	Between £19,204 and £41,065	Partial grant, depending on your household income	More than £41,065	No grant
Household Income	How much?								
£19,203 or less	Full grant of £3,475								
Between £19,204 and £41,065	Partial grant, depending on your household income								
More than £41,065	No grant								
Do I have to pay it back?	No, unless you leave your course early or a reassessment of household income occurs.								
Anything else?	<p>You can find out more about how your household income affects your entitlement in the booklet '2025/26 How you are Paid - Full Time Higher Education Student Finance - A Guide to Entitlement to Support and Payment' which is available on our website.</p> <p>If you leave your course of study early, you will be required to repay some of the grant paid to you. Discuss with your university or college before you decide to leave. <b>You must also inform your local SFNI Office that you have left your course so that your support can be reassessed.</b> Any overpayment of grant which is not repaid immediately will be deducted from your next year's support. We pay your Maintenance Grant straight into your bank account, usually in three instalments - one at the start of each term.</p>								

**Note 1:** Students in lower-income households will have part of their living costs met through a Maintenance Grant which they do not have to pay back. Their entitlement to support through a Student Loan for Maintenance will be reduced to reflect this.

**Note 2:** Initial Teacher Training (ITT) students who are studying for 10 weeks or more (apart from those on courses leading to a first degree) will receive a minimum Maintenance Grant of £1,318, no matter what their household income. If they are studying for between 6 and 10 weeks, they will receive at least **£659**.

## Special Support Grant

### The Special Support Grant replaces the Maintenance Grant in certain circumstances.

Who is it for?	<p>You may be able to receive a Special Support Grant if you:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• are a lone (single) parent of a child or young person aged under 20 who is in full-time education below higher education level</li><li>• have a partner who is also a student and one or both of you is responsible for a child or young person aged under 20 who is in full-time education below higher education level</li><li>• have a disability, and qualify for the Disability Premium or Severe Disability Premium</li><li>• are deaf and qualify for Disabled Students' Allowance</li><li>• have been treated as incapable of work for at least 28 weeks</li><li>• have a disability and qualify for income-related Employment and Support Allowance</li><li>• are waiting to return to the same course within the same academic year having taken agreed time out from that course due to an illness or caring responsibility that has now ended (this does not mean that you will be paid for time you were not on your course)</li><li>• are aged 60 or over</li><li>• are eligible for Housing Benefit or the housing element of Universal Credit whilst you're studying</li><li>• are entitled to Personal Independence Payment</li><li>• are entitled to Armed Forces Independence Payment (AFIP)</li></ul>
How much can I get?	<p>We work out entitlement to the Special Support Grant in the same way as the Maintenance Grant. You can get up to £3,475 depending on your household income.</p>
Do I have to pay it back?	<p>No, unless you leave your course early or a reassessment of household income occurs.</p>
Anything else?	<p>You can find out more about how your household income affects your entitlement in the booklet '2025/26 How you are Paid - Full Time Higher Education Student Finance - A Guide to Entitlement to Support and Payment' which is available on our website.</p> <p>If you are entitled to receive a Special Support Grant, you will not be able to receive a Maintenance Grant as well. If you receive the Special Support Grant you will also be eligible for more Maintenance Loan. If you're not sure whether to apply for Maintenance Grant or Special Support Grant, contact us for advice or talk to the student advisor at your university or college.</p> <p>If you claim income-related benefits, your local Jobs and Benefits Office will <b>not</b> take account of the Special Support Grant when working out your income.</p> <p>If you leave your course of study early, you will be required to repay some of the grant paid to you. Discuss with your university or college before you decide to leave. <b>You must also inform your local SFNI Office that you have left your course so that your support can be reassessed.</b> Any overpayment of grant which is not repaid immediately will be deducted from your next year's support.</p> <p>We pay your Special Support Grant straight into your bank account, usually in three instalments - one at the start of each term.</p>

If you need more information, ask your local SFNI Office, university or college, or see their website or prospectus. Similar arrangements are in place elsewhere in the UK.



## Help with living costs loans

The living cost support you receive is unlikely to cover all of your expenses. You should plan your budgets carefully.

### Maintenance Loan

What is it for?	Helps with your living costs such as accommodation, food, clothes, travel and other living expenses.
How much can I get?	Any full-time student who is eligible for student finance is eligible to receive a Maintenance Loan. The amount you can get depends on where you live during term-time and on your household income. The table below shows the maximum amounts for this year.

Full Year Rates	Living with parents	Up to £6,300
	Studying outside London and not living with parents	Up to £8,132
	Studying in London and not living with parents	Up to £11,391
Final Year Rates	Living with parents	Up to £5,696
	Studying outside London and not living with parents	Up to £7,527
	Studying in London and not living with parents	Up to £10,366

Do I have to pay it back?	Yes, but not until you have completed your course and are earning over £26,065 a year.
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Anything else?	<p>You can find out more about how your household income affects your entitlement in the booklet '2025/26 How you are Paid - Full Time Higher Education Student Finance - A Guide to Entitlement to Support and Payment' which is available on our website.</p> <p>If you receive a Maintenance Grant, we will reduce the amount of Maintenance Loan available to you.</p> <p>We pay your Maintenance Loan straight into your bank account, usually in three instalments - one at the start of each term.</p> <p>You must be aged under 60 at the start of your course to receive a Maintenance Loan.</p> <p>If you leave your course early, you will be required to repay some of the loan paid to you, but you may remain liable for accommodation/halls of residence costs. Discuss with your university or college before you decide to leave. <b>You must also inform your local SFNI Office that you have left your course so that your support can be reassessed.</b> Any overpayment of loan which is not repaid immediately will be deducted from your next year's support.</p>
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## Illustration of Maintenance Loan entitlement for Maintenance Grant recipients

Please note: students with household incomes over £41,065 will not be eligible to receive a Maintenance Grant and may only receive a Maintenance Loan equivalent to the non-means tested amount.

Household Income	Maintenance Grant	Maintenance Loan - living away from home and studying outside London. (Maximum £8,132)	Maintenance Loan - living away from home and studying in London. (Maximum £11,391)	Maintenance Loan - living at parents' home. (Maximum £6,300)
£19,203	£3,475	£6,282	£9,541	£4,450
£25,000	£2,201	£6,596	£9,855	£4,764
£30,000	£1,215	£6,917	£10,176	£5,085
£35,000	£689	£7,443	£10,702	£5,611
£41,540	£0	£8,132	£11,391	£6,300



## Additional information on Maintenance Loans

### **To which university or colleges does the London rate apply?**

The London rate applies to students attending courses at the University of London or at colleges within the area which includes the City of London and the Metropolitan Police District.

### **What if my course is longer than normal?**

You can get an extra amount of income-assessed loan to cover each extra week you have to be on your course above 30 term-time weeks (plus the short holidays). If you are required to be on the course for 45 weeks or more in any 12-month period, you will get an extra amount of loan as if you were studying for 52 weeks. This does not apply if you are in receipt of a reduced loan.

The most you can get for each extra week is:

**£183 (in London)**

**£142 (elsewhere)**

**£93 (living at home)**

**£197 (abroad)**

### **What if I'm studying abroad?**

If you study abroad for at least 50% of an academic quarter (normally equivalent to a term) as part of your course, you may be eligible for an overseas rate of loan for that period. In 2025/26, the maximum loan for study overseas will be £9,694 (£8,426 if you study abroad during the final year of your course). If your course is longer than normal, you can get a loan of up to £197 for each extra week that you spend abroad attending your course.

For further information please see the Travel Grant and Study Abroad fact sheets available on our website at [www.studentfinanceni.co.uk](http://www.studentfinanceni.co.uk)



# ADDITIONAL OR SUPPLEMENTARY SUPPORT

What can I get?	What is it for?	Do I have to pay it back?	Find out more
Disabled Students' Allowance (DSA)	Help available to students who have extra costs because of a disability, mental-health condition or specific learning difficulty such as dyslexia or dyspraxia. DSA does not depend on household income. How much you will get depends entirely on your circumstances and can help pay for specialist equipment, a non-medical helper, travel or other extra costs.	No, unless you leave your course early.	For more information on applying for DSA, see the booklet '2025/26 DSA - Bridging the Gap: A Guide to the Disabled Students' Allowance (DSA) in Higher Education' on our website at <a href="http://www.studentfinanceni.co.uk">www.studentfinanceni.co.uk</a>
Childcare Grant	Help for childcare costs if you have dependent children aged under 15 (or 17 if they have special educational needs) in registered or approved childcare. Depending on your income and that of your dependants you can get up to £148.75 a week for one child or up to £255 if you have two or more children.	No, unless you leave your course early or a reassessment of childcare expenses occurs.	For more information on applying for a Childcare Grant, see the booklet '2025/26 Dependants' Grants - A Guide to Dependants' Grants for Full Time Student Parents in Higher Education' on our website at <a href="http://www.studentfinanceni.co.uk">www.studentfinanceni.co.uk</a>
Parents' Learning Allowance	Help with course-related costs if you have dependent children. You can get up to £1,538 a year, depending on your income and that of your dependants.	No, unless you leave your course early.	For more information on applying for Parents' Learning Allowance, see the booklet '2025/26 Dependants' Grants - A Guide to Dependants' Grants for Full Time Student Parents in Higher Education' on our website at <a href="http://www.studentfinanceni.co.uk">www.studentfinanceni.co.uk</a>
Adult Dependants' Grant	Help if an adult depends on you financially. You can get up to £2,695 a year, depending on your income and that of your dependants.	No, unless you leave your course early.	For more information on applying for an Adult Dependants' Grant, see the booklet '2025/26 Dependants' Grants - A Guide to Dependants' Grants for Full Time Student Parents in Higher Education' on our website at <a href="http://www.studentfinanceni.co.uk">www.studentfinanceni.co.uk</a>
Bursaries and scholarships	Extra help from your university or college.	No, unless you leave your course early.	Check the university or college website for details.

What can I get?	What is it for?	Do I have to pay it back?	Find out more
Travel Grant	<p>Help to meet reasonable travel costs associated with your course if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>You are attending clinical training as part of your medical or dental course at a hospital or other place in the UK or Republic of Ireland other than your normal place of attendance</li> <li>You are attending an educational institution outside the UK as part of your UK course for at least 50% of an academic quarter (an academic quarter is equivalent to a term) and you are not receiving a Turing travel grant.</li> </ul> <p>The grant for travel is equal to the amount you reasonably pay, less the first <b>£309</b>. This help is income assessed. If you applied for non-means tested support, you are not eligible for a travel grant. Your SFNI Office will decide whether the costs you have to pay are reasonable.</p>	No, unless you leave your course early.	Check with your local SFNI Office for information on whether you are eligible to apply and how to apply.
Support Funds	Extra help available through your college for students who may need extra financial support to stay in higher education.	Payments given as grants do not have to be repaid. Payments given as short-term loans do have to be repaid.	Check with the student services department in your university or college.





# HOW DO I APPLY?

You don't have to wait until you've accepted a course to apply for student finance. Just create your student finance account and apply using your first choice of course. You can easily change your course and/or university details online later. Apply online now at [www.studentfinancenl.co.uk](http://www.studentfinancenl.co.uk) and have everything in place at the start of your course.

If you previously received Education Maintenance Allowance (EMA) then you must apply using your EMA customer reference number. Do not set up a new account. If you did not receive EMA and do not have an EMA customer reference number you will receive a customer reference number, password and secret answer which you can use to log on to your account.

If you're only applying for the Tuition Fee Loan and the Maintenance Loan (the bit that doesn't depend on your household income), we will not require details of income from your parents or partner.

If you're applying for finance that depends on your household income, we will ask your parents or partner to give us some information about themselves and their incomes. They must log on and fill in their part separately. If your parents do not provide their income details, you will only be assessed for non means-tested support.

Before you start your application, make sure you have the following to hand:

- your current in date/valid passport or your birth certificate details
- details of the university and course
- your bank details
- your National Insurance number
- your parents' or partner's details

Make sure you fill in all the relevant questions correctly as this will help us process your application quickly. Remember, your application isn't complete and can't be assessed until we have all the information we need.

You need to make your application for student finance before 30 April 2025 to be sure you have your money when you start your course.

If you apply after this date, you may not get all your money on time.

**Use your full name as it appears on your passport or birth certificate.**



### **Changing your details**

If any of your details change after you have applied for student finance, don't worry – it's easy to update your application. You can use your online student finance account to make changes to:

- your course details
- your university or college details
- your requested loan amount
- your personal details



### **Evidence you need to provide**

Remember to send this to SFNI as soon as you apply online. If you don't, your student finance will be delayed and you will not be paid on time. Remember to put your customer reference number on everything you send us.

If you hold a valid UK passport, enter the details when applying online. You don't need to send your UK passport as proof of date of birth and address. We will share the passport details you give us with HM Passport Office so that we can verify your identity.

If you are a non-UK passport holder you will need to send us your original passport or your original birth certificate and completed Birth/Adoption Certificate Declaration Form with the application.

Your parents must complete the online application with their details as directed within. Student Finance will contact HMRC for confirmation of relevant income details.



### **Late applications**

After your course starts, if you decide that you want to apply for financial help, you must apply no later than nine months after the first day of the academic year of your course. For example, if your course starts in September 2025, you have until 31st May 2026 to apply.



### **Cancelled applications**

If you do not take up your place at university, you must cancel your application online or contact your local Student Finance Office to cancel your application.

**If you apply  
after 30 April  
2025 you might  
not get your  
money on time.**



# HOW DO I GET PAID?

1. Your local SFNI Office will process your application and check all your supporting evidence. If you or your parents have not provided all information, you will be contacted by the Student Loans Company or your local SFNI Office.
2. If your application is in order, a schedule will be available on your Student Finance NI online account. Telling you how much your payments are and when you will receive them. You may need to provide a copy of the schedule when you register/enrol at your university or college.
3. Your money will be paid into your bank account after you register on your course at the start of term. The money is usually available three working days after your university or college has confirmed your attendance to the Student Loans Company. No money will be paid before you arrive at your university or college so you will need to ensure you have some funds available for essentials in the first week or so.

If you are applying for a student loan to cover all or part of your tuition fees, this will be paid directly to your university or college.

**Warning: Beware of fraudulent emails from anyone claiming to be Student Finance NI. We'll never ask you to update your bank details or confirm your student account details by email.**



## Reapplying next year

You need to reapply for student finance for every year of your course. Fees may increase each year and grant and loan amounts can also change.

The Student Loans Company will remind you by text or email in February or March that it is time to reapply. You should do this immediately to ensure you have your money set up before the next year of your course.

You can reapply online via the website.

Remember to keep your customer reference number, password and secret answer safe as you'll need these to reapply each year or to let us know about any changes to your details.

Your parents/partner will have their own customer reference number, password and secret answer and will need to keep these safe to enter or amend their details online.

**Remember -  
the amount of  
student finance  
available may  
change each  
year.**



## WHAT ABOUT REPAYMENTS?

A student loan is money that you can borrow to pay for your tuition fees and/or to help with your living costs when you are studying. This is a loan, not a grant, meaning that you will have to pay it back.

Student loans are made up of two parts: the Tuition Fee Loan and the Maintenance Loan (loan for living costs).

You will normally be eligible to start repaying your loan in the April after you have completed or left your course.

The amount you repay will be linked to your income. Once you earn over £26,065 a year, you will repay 9% of anything over this amount. If your income is below £26,065, or drops to below that amount, you will not have to make repayments. The time to repay is based on income and amount borrowed, not on a fixed time period as with commercial loans. If you leave your course early or have been overpaid due to a reassessment, you will still have to repay your loan. In this case, the repayment process is different as any overpayment of support made to you will first be deducted from any future support due with the balance repaid in the normal manner.

Here are some important points about repayment:

- the Student Loans Company will work with HM Revenue & Customs to collect repayments, which will be taken by your employer and shown on your pay statement
- if you are self-employed, the repayments will be collected through the tax self-assessment system
- if you intend to leave the country to work abroad, you must inform the Student Loans Company, who will make arrangements to collect repayments directly from you
- the Student Loans Company will send you an annual statement detailing how much you have paid in the past tax year. You should keep this statement, along with any payslips and P60s to monitor your own repayments,

so you know when you are due to finish repaying

- help is available from the Student Loans Company by telephone or by logging on to their website: **[www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan](http://www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan)** where you can access your current balance online or make a part or full repayment

Table showing examples of monthly repayments

Income each year before tax	Monthly salary	Monthly repayment
Up to £26,065	£2,172	£0
£28,000	£2,333	£15
£30,000	£2,500	£30
£35,000	£2,917	£67
£40,000	£3,333	£105



## Interest

Student loans accrue interest from the day they are paid out, until they are repaid in full. Interest on the amount you owe is linked to inflation and subsidised by the Northern Ireland Government.

The rate of interest makes no difference to your monthly repayments. The amount you repay is determined by how much you earn, so your repayments are not affected by the change in interest rate.

Further information regarding interest rates is also available on the Student Loans Company website: [www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan](http://www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan)

Interest will apply as long as the loan lasts and will be calculated from the day the money is paid to you. The length of time you take to repay your loan will depend on the total amount you borrowed and your income after you leave university or college.



## More Information

You will normally continue to repay the loan until you have paid off the full amount. If you have kept up your repayments, any loan you still owe will be cancelled only if you become disabled and are registered as being permanently unfit for work, or if you die before you pay off the loan.

Any loan you still owe will be cancelled 25 years after the April when you first became responsible for paying back the loan.

You are strongly advised to read the guide if you want to take out a loan.

Note: If you have taken out a student loan for a previous period of study and you take out another student loan for a new period of study, the 25-year write-off will also apply to this new loan.

Please see the booklet '2025/26 Terms and Conditions – Student Loans – A Guide to Terms and Conditions' which is available on our website at [www.studentfinancenl.co.uk](http://www.studentfinancenl.co.uk) for the full details of all the rules of repaying your student loan.

**You will only start repaying your loan after leaving university or college and are earning over £26,065.**



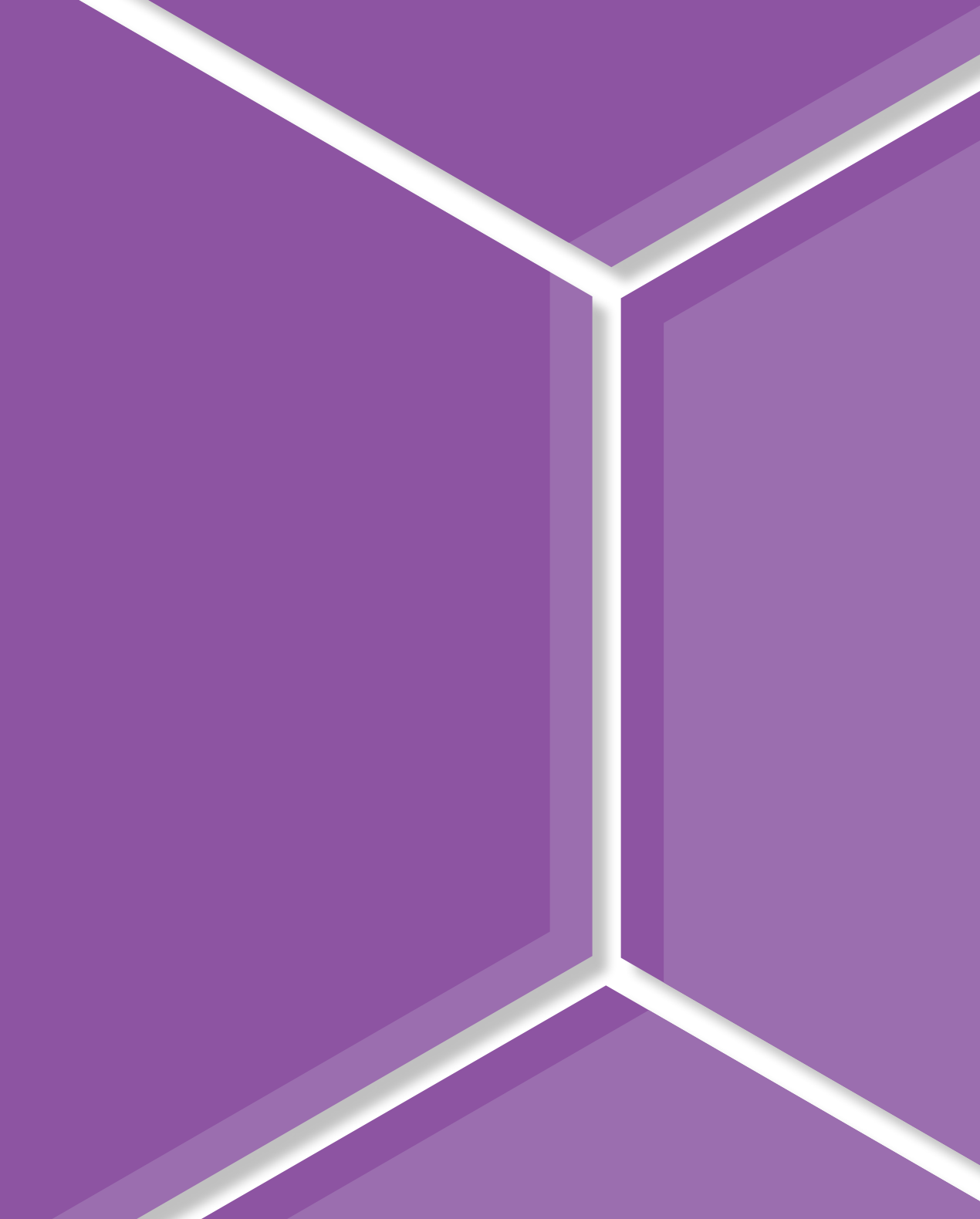
## USEFUL INFORMATION AND CONTACTS

If you are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland, regardless of where in the UK or Republic of Ireland you are studying, you may be eligible for services provided by Student Finance NI.

Student Finance NI is a partnership between the Department for the Economy, the Student Finance NI Offices in the Education Authority who assess students' eligibility for support and the Student Loans Company (SLC) who make the payments. The Student Loans Company and Student Finance NI Offices in Northern Ireland work together to deliver financial support to students on behalf of the Department for the Economy.

If you are ordinarily resident in Northern Ireland, apply for your student finance online using the Student Finance NI website **[www.studentfinancenl.co.uk](http://www.studentfinancenl.co.uk)**, or speak to an advisor on 0300 100 0077.

The Customer Support Office can be contacted on Monday to Friday between the hours of 8am and 8pm or on Saturday between 9am and 4pm. Contact details of the Student Finance NI Offices can be found on the website.





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